

國立勤益技術學院九十四學年度研究所招生初試試題卷

所別：材化所 組別： 身分別：一般生

科目：物理化學 准考證號碼：□□□□□□□□ (考生自填)

考生注意事項：

- 一、 考試時間 100 分鐘。
- 二、 請考生自填准考證號碼。
- 三、 可使用工程用計算機。

試題：(共兩頁)

1. Which of the following statements is correct?(20%)

- 【 】 a. For the reaction, $A + 2B \rightarrow 2C$, which relationship is correct?
(A). $\frac{d[A]}{dt} = -2 \frac{d[C]}{dt}$ (B). $\frac{d[B]}{dt} = -2 \frac{d[C]}{dt}$ (C). $\frac{d[A]}{dt} = -\frac{1}{2} \frac{d[C]}{dt}$ (D). $\frac{d[A]}{dt} = \frac{1}{2} \frac{d[C]}{dt}$
- 【 】 b. If 100 J of heat are added to 1 mole of Ne(g) at 30 °C and constant pressure, how much will its temperature rise?(A) 5 (B) 8 (C) 30 (D) 35 °C
- 【 】 c. If $\Delta G^0(HI, g) = 1.7 KJ$, what is the equilibrium constant at 25 °C for $2HI(g) \rightarrow H_{2(g)} + I_{2(s)}$? (A) 4 (B) 2.0 (C) 0.5 (D) 0.1
- 【 】 d. Which of the following chemical species shows no ESR(electron spin resonance) spectrum?
(A) Free radicals (B) Transition-metal ions with unpaired electrons (C) Excited triplet states of organic compounds (D) Spin-paired molecules
- 【 】 e. A certain molecule A has twice as large a collision diameter as another type of molecule, B. What is the mean free path of A compared to B under the same conditions of temperature and pressure?
(A) 4 times as large (B) 2 times as large (C) 0.5 as large (D) 0.25 as large

2. Fox and Flory obtained the following data for the intrinsic viscosity of polyisobutylene in CCl_4 solution at 30 °C as a function of molecular weight. Show that the data fit the relationship $[\eta] = KM^a$ and evaluate the constants K and a. Intrinsic viscosity is defined in the preceding problem. (10%)

$M(\times 10^{-3})$	1260	463	110	48	10	7
(deciliter g^{-1})	4.3	2.06	0.78	0.43	0.15	0.115

3. Derive from the first law of thermodynamic and related definition : (10%)

$$C_V = -\left(\frac{\partial E}{\partial V}\right)_T \left(\frac{\partial V}{\partial T}\right)_E$$

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4. In the vicinity of the triple point the vapor pressure of liquid ammonia in atmosphere is represented by $\ln P = 15.16 - 3063/T$, which is the equation for the liquid-vapor boundary curve in a phase diagram. Similarly the vapor pressure of solid ammonia is $\ln P = 18.7 - 3754/T$, calculate the temperature and pressure at the triple point, the latent heat of sublimation and vaporization and the latent heat of fusion at the triple point. ($P = \text{torr}$; $T = \text{K}$) (20%)

5. A reaction has a rate constant $5 \times 10^9 \text{M}^{-1} \text{sec}^{-1}$ at 300 K and $8 \times 10^{10} \text{M}^{-1} \text{sec}^{-1}$ at 320 K. What is the activation energy in Kcal/mol? (10%)

6. A Carnot cycle engine (Fig. 1): $T_1 = 1000 \text{K}$; $T_2 = 200 \text{K}$; $Q_1 = 150 \text{KJ}$. Calculate (1) $\eta\%$ (efficiency of heat engine); (2) Q_2 (KJ); (3) S_{AB} (J/K); (4) S_{BC} (J/K); (5) S_{CD} (J/K); (6) S_{Total} (J/K). (30%)

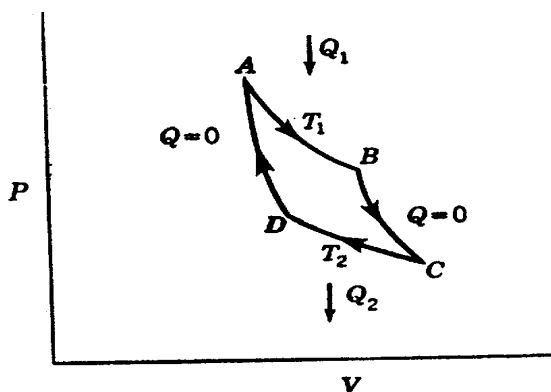


Fig. 1 The path of the state during a Carnot cycle.