

國立勤益科技大學九十六學年度四技轉學生招生考試試題

系別	日間部各系	年級別	二	考試節次	第一節
考試科目	英文	准考證號碼			(考生自填)

請於答案本第一頁，依照下列格式依序作答，否則不予計分。

- | | | | | |
|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| 1. _____ | 11. _____ | 21. _____ | 31. _____ | 41. _____ |
| 2. _____ | 12. _____ | 22. _____ | 32. _____ | 42. _____ |
| 3. _____ | 13. _____ | 23. _____ | 33. _____ | 43. _____ |
| 4. _____ | 14. _____ | 24. _____ | 34. _____ | 44. _____ |
| 5. _____ | 15. _____ | 25. _____ | 35. _____ | 45. _____ |
| 6. _____ | 16. _____ | 26. _____ | 36. _____ | 46. _____ |
| 7. _____ | 17. _____ | 27. _____ | 37. _____ | 47. _____ |
| 8. _____ | 18. _____ | 28. _____ | 38. _____ | 48. _____ |
| 9. _____ | 19. _____ | 29. _____ | 39. _____ | 49. _____ |
| 10. _____ | 20. _____ | 30. _____ | 40. _____ | 50. _____ |

I. 詞彙和結構(30%)：請選出最合適的答案。

1. He is really good _____ playing basketball. A. on B. to C. at D. in
2. It is twelve o'clock now, and Jerry is _____ in bed. A. still B. often C. usually D. few
3. I can _____ believe that Susan has become such a beautiful woman. A. hardly B. hard C. hardily D. handy
4. It is cold outside. You should _____ your coat. A. get on B. put on C. try on D. clothe on
5. Sally is swimming _____ the water. A. at B. by C. on D. in
6. You should never _____ hope. A. take up B. give up C. run up D. get up
7. There is nothing there _____ a cat. A. with B. at C. but D. on
8. If you go to the supermarket, can you _____ a few things for me? A. pick up B. take up C. try up D. run up
9. It's hot here. I have to take _____ my coat. A. on B. in C. of D. off
10. _____ your cigarette! There is a "No smoking" sign on the wall! A. Put out B. Watch out C. Take out D. Put in
11. Look _____! The train is coming! A. in B. out C. by D. of

12. A: Do you think that story is true? B: No. I think it is all _____. A. called up B. showed up C. made up D. written up
13. It's necessary to wear a _____ when going riding a bicycle. A. seat belt B. helmet C. fingerprint D. overcoat
14. David has to pay a _____ of NT\$1,200 for speeding on the highway. A. charge B. fine C. fee D. fare
15. In the wake of the September 11 _____ in the USA, many airline employees have been laid off. A. defeats B. breakdowns C. knocks D. attacks

II. 段落填空 (40%)：請選出最合適的答案。

Part A

Tom had never (16) to Rose's house before. Rose was going to make dinner for him. "My food will (17) your mouth water," said Rose. Tom wasn't so sure. Sometimes Rose had trouble doing things. Tom thought she might set the kitchen (18) fire. She did. "We'd (19) go to a restaurant," she said. "Please don't tell anybody (20) this awful dinner."

16. A. go B. been C. seen D. went
17. A. sent B. give C. have D. make
18. A. on B. of C. at D. in
19. A. worse B. better C. the best D. the worst
20. A. above B. about C. eating D. into

Part B

My sister liked to play jokes (21) me, so she caused me trouble sometimes. I tried to (22) her busy so that I could (23) painting lessons. I told her to visit Aunt Linda. Then I went to my class. I saw her again when the class started! She kept (24) smiling at me, and she told me that we would be taking the lessons (25). Now I will have even more trouble.

21. A. on B. in C. to D. at
22. A. do B. play C. hope D. keep
23. A. take B. know C. go D. make
24. A. away B. in C. on D. with
25. A. each other B. together C. one by one D. alone

Part C

Travis hadn't done any homework (26) three weeks. He was watching television when his mother said, "Travis! Come here!" "She (27)," Travis thought. He went to the kitchen where his mother was (28). She had

his bookbag. She put her hand (29) his bookbag. "There is (30) in here except a comic book," she said. "You are in trouble!"

26. A. to B. for C. on D. at

27. A. sounds upset B. sounds happy C. hears badly D. listens well

28. A. standing B. making C. flying D. singing

29. A. under B. out of C. on D. into

30. A. nothing B. everything C. something D. anything

Part D

Although Timmy is my closest brother, I still cannot figure out why Timmy has so much trouble with his daily routine. He is not lazy, but quite often, he (31) in the morning. After leaping out of bed, he rushes around the house trying to get organized as the clock ticks away. More often than not, his clothes do not (32) each other. The only decent shirt he owns was a present from his girlfriend. Yesterday he could not find it anywhere, and he needed it (33) a job interview. Since it (34) in time, I let him borrow my dark blue shirt, which is in fairly (35). Perhaps if he gets that job, his daily routine will improve.

31. A. woke up B. sleeps late C. goes to bed early D. stays up

32. A. put up with B. do away with C. go well with D. get along with

33. A. for B. on C. besides D. with

34. A. was missing B. was lost C. missing D. could not be found

35. A. out of mind B. good shape C. by and by D. in return

III. 閱讀理解 (30%)：請選出最合適的答案。

Part A

Cindy lived with her uncle. He did not trust Cindy at all. He never let her do anything or go anywhere. One day Cindy got in big trouble. Her uncle found out that she had gone out late at night. Cindy's uncle said she could not go out at night anymore. Instead, he made her clean the house every night. Cindy hoped she would not have to live with her uncle forever.

36. Why did Cindy get in trouble? A. She never did anything. B. She went out late at night. C. She did not want to live with her uncle. D. She never told her uncle where she went.

37. What did Cindy's uncle tell her? A. She must come home earlier. B. She must only go out with him. C. She could only have friends visit her. D. She must clean the house every night.

38. Which of the following statements is false? A. Cindy lived with her uncle. B. Cindy's uncle was not a nice man. C. Cindy's uncle trusted her very much. D. Cindy could only go out during the day.

Part B

Some people said that Alan was a typical Taurus, stubborn and proud. Many of his friends said that Alan always had to do things his way. Other people said he was more like a Cancer, because he had very strong emotions. Alan did not like it when people talked about him this way. Alan knew that he was not a bull or a crab. "I am not an animal!" he would say loudly, "I am a person

39. What did people mean when they said Alan was a typical Taurus?
A. He had very strong emotions. B. He was stubborn and proud.
C. He was always complaining. D. He let his friends decide everything.
40. How did Alan feel when people called him a Taurus or a Cancer? A. He was glad. B. He felt important. C. He was angry. D. He was sad.

Part C

Many people today own a cell phone. For young people, cell phones have become as important as the clothes they wear. Some people say they cannot live without one. Still, cell phones should not be used all the time. For example, using a cell phone while driving a car can make people have accidents. And no one likes it when a cell phone rings at the movie theater.

However, you can still have fun with your cell phone. The important thing is to know when you should use it and when you should not.

41. What can some young people not live without? A. A cell phone. B. Clothes. C. A car. D. Going to the movies.
42. How will others feel if your cell phone rings in a movie? A. They will think it is funny. B. They will be excited. C. They will not like it. D. They will be happy.
43. When is it dangerous to use a cell phone? A. While watching a movie. B. While having fun. C. While you are with young people. D. While driving.
44. What does the last sentence tell us? A. People need to know when not to use a cell phone. B. People can use their cell phones whenever they want. C. You should have fun with your cell phone all the time. D. It is important to have your cell phone with you at all

times.

Part D

For years, psychologists have been studying color preference. They have found that people who like bright colors — such as yellow, orange, and red — are optimists. They enjoy life, and look for excitement. People who like gray and blue, according to the studies, would rather follow than lead. Psychologists have also found that colors affect people. Light and bright colors make people feel happy and attractive. For example, people feel more cheerful in a yellow room than in a dark-green one. Therefore, you can brighten your life with a new shirt or a few cans of paint.

45. An optimist is a person who _____. A. paints for a living B. looks after your eyes C. looks on the bright side of life D. can sing very well
46. What is the personality of people who like gray and blue? A. They tend to be active. B. They prefer to be a leader rather than a follower. C. They enjoy life, people, and excitement. D. They would rather follow than lead.
47. According to the above passage, which color will make people feel happier? A. Gray. B. Black. C. Dark green. D. Yellow.

Part E

Environmentalism is an important subject these days. Our environment has been polluted as a result of industrialization, a lack of environmental awareness, and rapid population growth. But a clean and pleasant environment is crucial to public health. If the environment is not improved, there will be an enormous increase in the number of people who suffer from lung and respiratory problems. Protecting the environment is more than just picking up litter and reducing the use of paper. It is also a balance between conservation and economic development. It is everybody's responsibility to control pollution. One way to do so would be requiring that polluters pay for the cleaning up.

48. Which of the following cause of pollution is not mentioned here? A. Rapid population growth. B. Economic development and industrialization. C. People's lack of environmental awareness. D. Long-term planning for environmental protection.
49. According to the above passage, with a dirty environment, people are likely to suffer from _____. A. breast cancer B. stomach aches C. poor eyesight D. respiratory problems

50. Which of the following statements is false? A. Everybody has to work to prevent and control pollution. B. Pollution has a bad effect on our health. C. Picking up litter and reducing the use of paper is the only way to protect our environment. D. We should strike a balance between environmental protection and economic development.